

Data-Intensive Distributed Computing

CS 431/631 451/651 (Winter 2019)

Part 6: Data Mining (2/4)
March 5, 2019

Adam Roegiest
Kira Systems

These slides are available at http://roegiest.com/bigdata-2019w



The Task

Given:
$$D = \{(\mathbf{x}_i, y_i)\}_i^n$$
 (sparse) feature vector $\mathbf{x}_i = [x_1, x_2, x_3, \dots, x_d]$ $y \in \{0, 1\}$

Induce: $f: X \to Y$

Such that loss is minimized

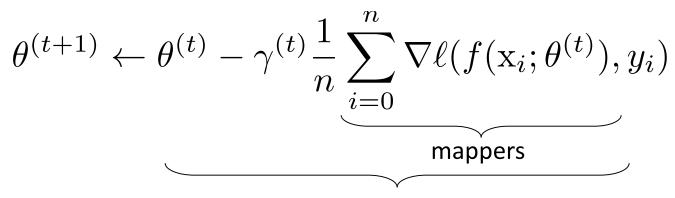
$$\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=0}^{n} \ell(f(\mathbf{x}_i), y_i)$$

loss function

Typically, we consider functions of a parametric form:

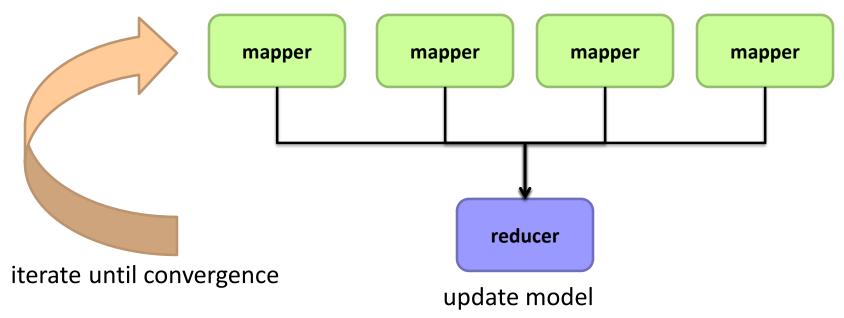
$$\arg\min_{\theta} \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=0}^{n} \ell(f(x_i;\theta), y_i)$$
 model parameters





single reducer

compute partial gradient



Spark Implementation

```
val points = spark.textFile(...).map(parsePoint).persist()
var w = // random initial vector
for (i <- 1 to ITERATIONS) {
 val gradient = points.map{ p =>
  p.x * (1/(1+exp(-p.y*(w dot p.x)))-1)*p.y
                                                        What's the difference?
 }.reduce((a,b) => a+b)
 w -= gradient
                                   compute partial gradient
                     mapper
                                       mapper
                                                        mapper
                                                                         mapper
                                               reducer
                                          update model
```





Batch vs. Online

Gradient Descent

$$\theta^{(t+1)} \leftarrow \theta^{(t)} - \gamma^{(t)} \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=0}^{n} \nabla \ell(f(\mathbf{x}_i; \theta^{(t)}), y_i)$$

"batch" learning: update model after considering all training instances

Stochastic Gradient Descent (SGD)

$$\theta^{(t+1)} \leftarrow \theta^{(t)} - \gamma^{(t)} \nabla \ell(f(\mathbf{x}; \theta^{(t)}), y)$$

"online" learning: update model after considering each (randomly-selected) training instance

In practice... just as good!

Opportunity to interleaving prediction and learning!

Practical Notes

Order of the instances important!

Most common implementation: randomly shuffle training instances

Single vs. multi-pass approaches

Mini-batching as a middle ground

We've solved the iteration problem! What about the single reducer problem?



Ensemble Learning

Learn multiple models, combine results from different models to make prediction

Common implementation:

Train classifiers on different input partitions of the data Embarrassingly parallel!

Combining predictions:

Majority voting Simple weighted voting:

$$y = \arg\max_{y \in Y} \sum_{k=1}^{n} \alpha_k p_k(y|\mathbf{x})$$

Model averaging

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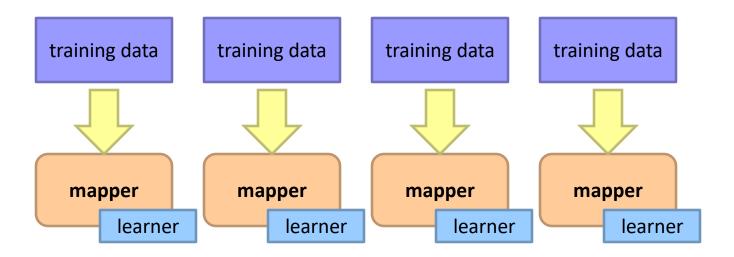
Ensemble Learning

Learn multiple models, combine results from different models to make prediction

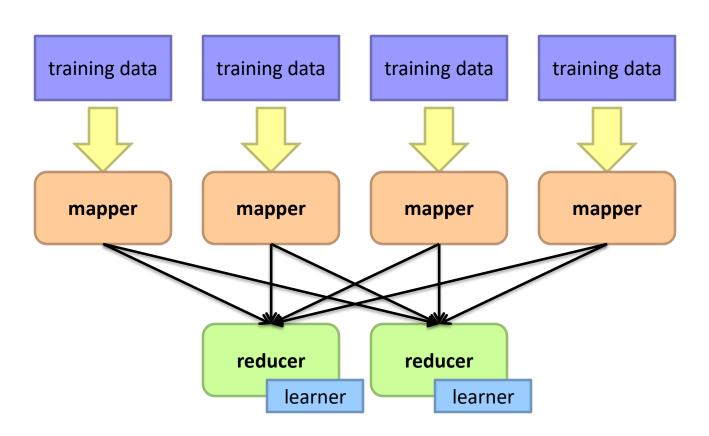
Why does it work?

If errors uncorrelated, multiple classifiers being wrong is less likely Reduces the variance component of error

$$\theta^{(t+1)} \leftarrow \theta^{(t)} - \gamma^{(t)} \nabla \ell(f(\mathbf{x}; \theta^{(t)}), y)$$



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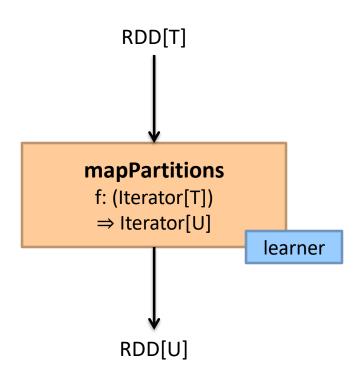
How do we output the model?

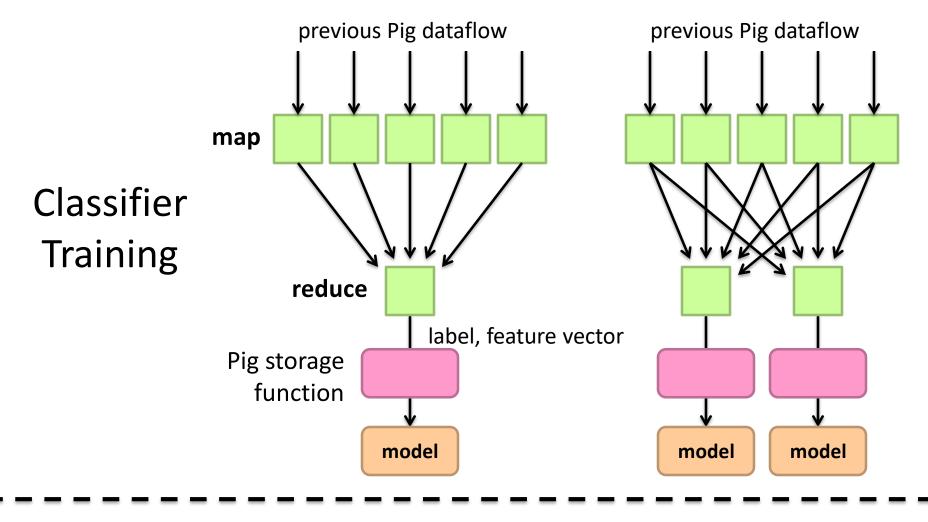
Option 1: write model out as "side data"

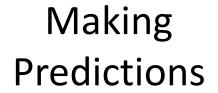
Option 2: emit model as intermediate output

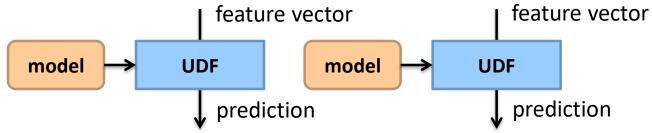
What about Spark?

$$\theta^{(t+1)} \leftarrow \theta^{(t)} - \gamma^{(t)} \nabla \ell(f(\mathbf{x}; \theta^{(t)}), y)$$









Just like any other parallel Pig dataflow

Classifier Training

```
training = load 'training.txt' using SVMLightStorage()
         as (target: int, features: map[]);
store training into 'model/'
         using FeaturesLRClassifierBuilder();
       Logistic regression + SGD (L2 regularization)
       Pegasos variant (fully SGD or sub-gradient)
    Want an ensemble?
   training = foreach training generate
             label, features, RANDOM() as random;
   training = order training by random parallel 5;
```

Making Predictions

Want an ensemble?

```
define Classify ClassifyWithEnsemble('model/', 'classifier.LR', 'vote');
```

Sentiment Analysis Case Study

Binary polarity classification: {positive, negative} sentiment Use the "emoticon trick" to gather data

Data

Test: 500k positive/500k negative tweets from 9/1/2011 Training: {1m, 10m, 100m} instances from before (50/50 split)

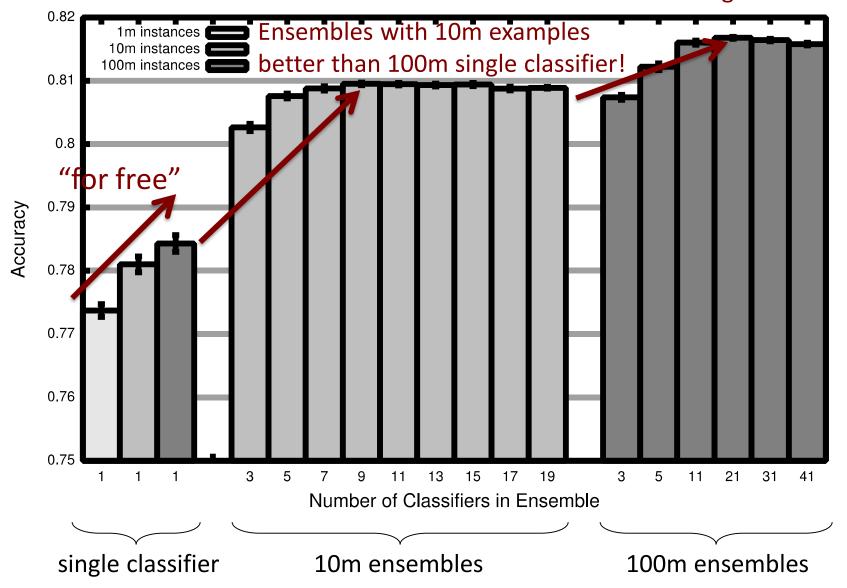
Features:

Sliding window byte-4grams

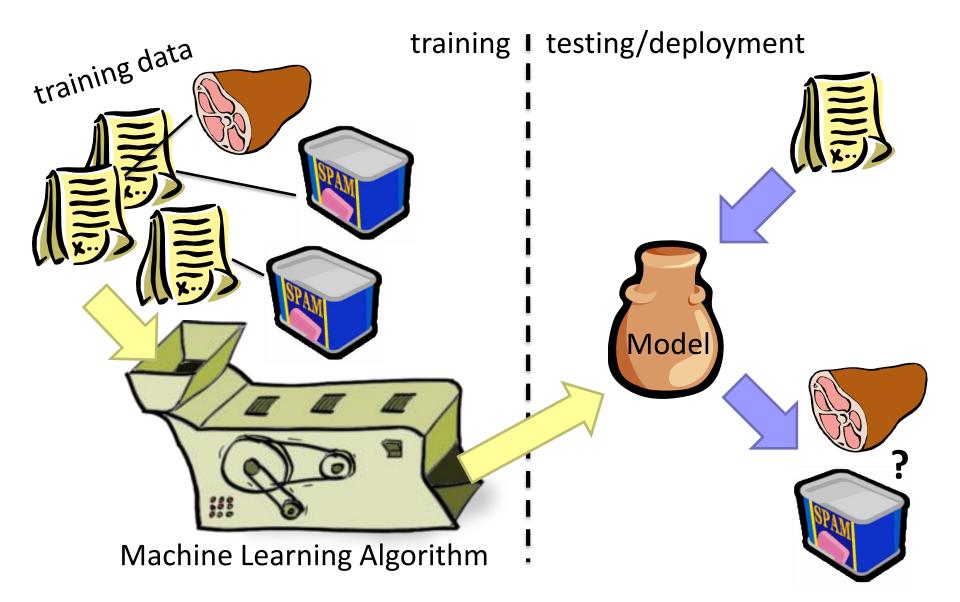
Models + Optimization:

Logistic regression with SGD (L2 regularization)
Ensembles of various sizes (simple weighted voting)

Diminishing returns...



Supervised Machine Learning



Evaluation

How do we know how well we're doing?

Why isn't this enough?

Induce: $f: X \to Y$

Such that loss is minimized

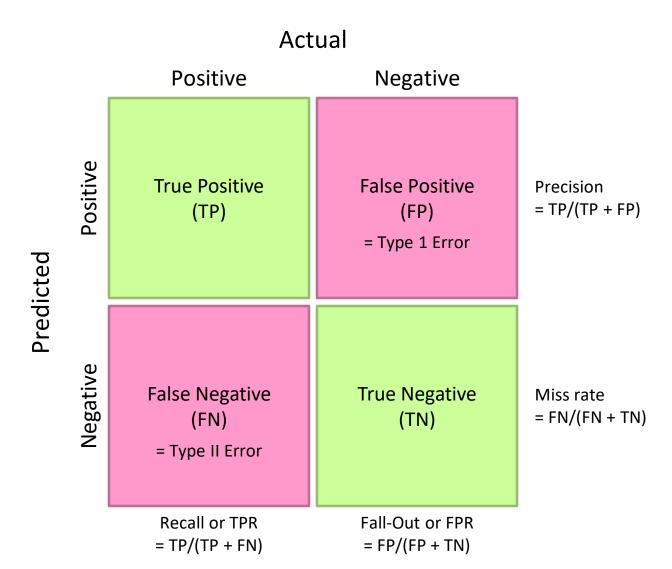
$$\arg\min_{\theta} \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=0}^{n} \ell(f(x_i; \theta), y_i)$$

We need end-to-end metrics!

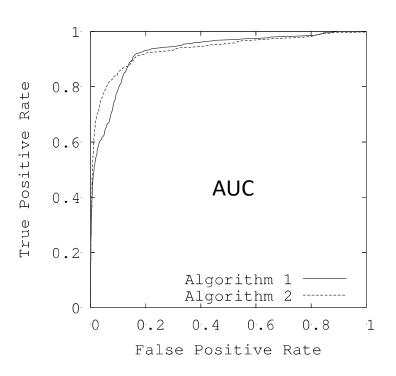
Obvious metric: accuracy

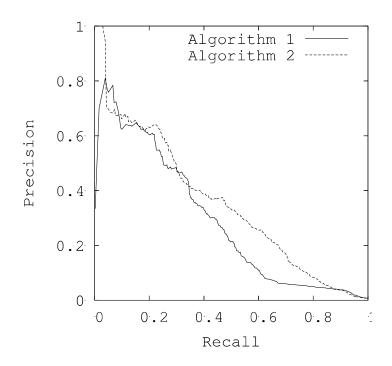
Why isn't this enough?

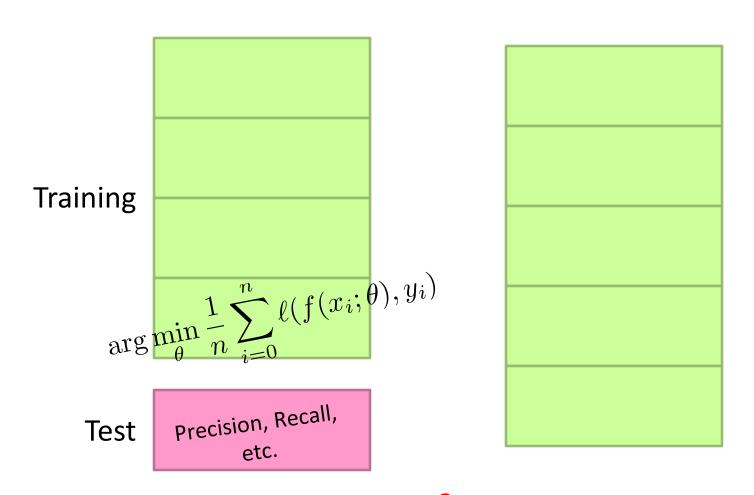
Metrics



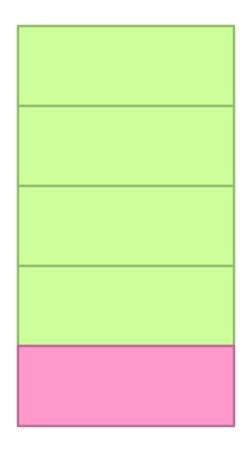
ROC and PR Curves

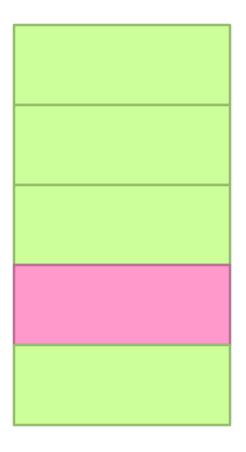


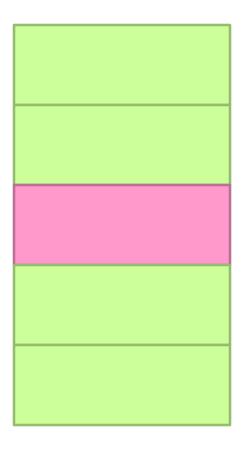


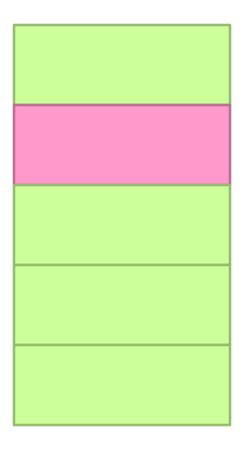


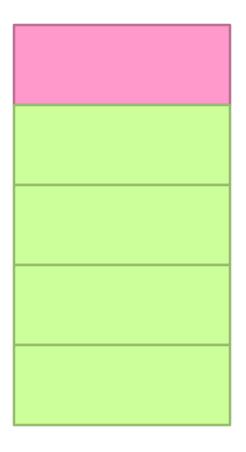
What happens if you need more?



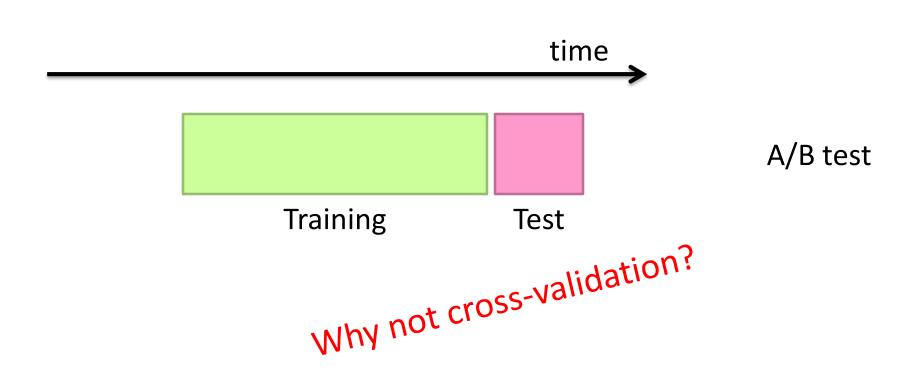




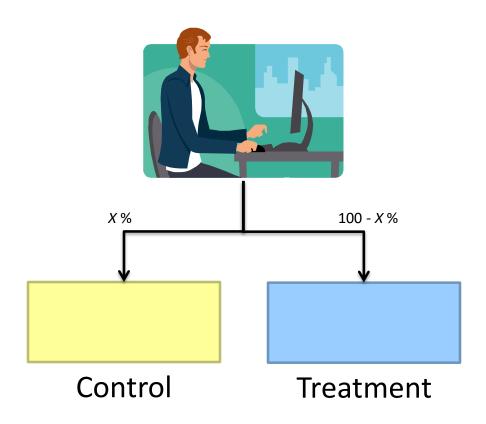




Typical Industry Setup



A/B Testing



Gather metrics, compare alternatives

A/B Testing: Complexities

Properly bucketing users

Novelty

Learning effects

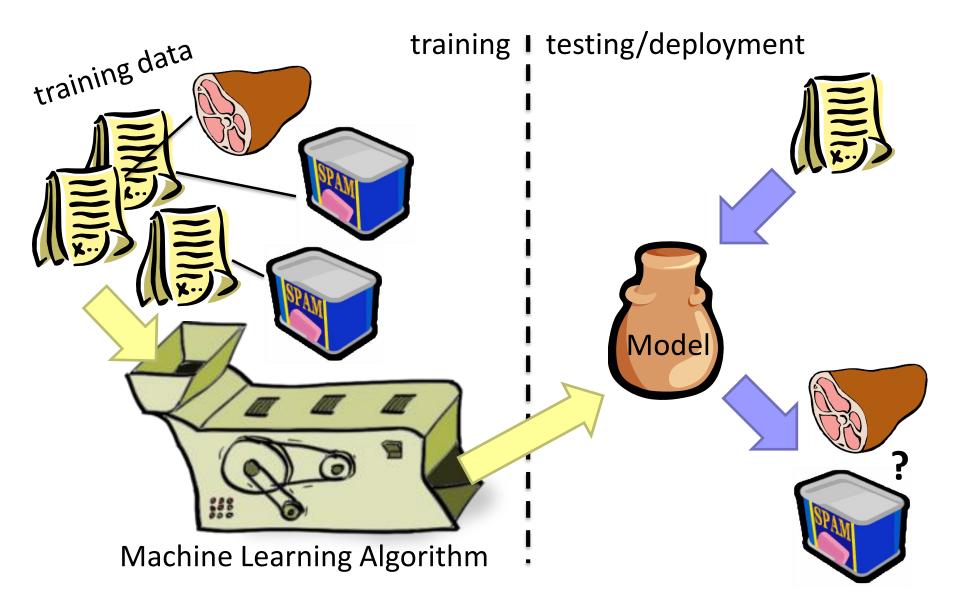
Long vs. short term effects

Multiple, interacting tests

Nosy tech journalists

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Supervised Machine Learning



Applied ML in Academia

Download interesting dataset (comes with the problem)

Run baseline model

Train/Test

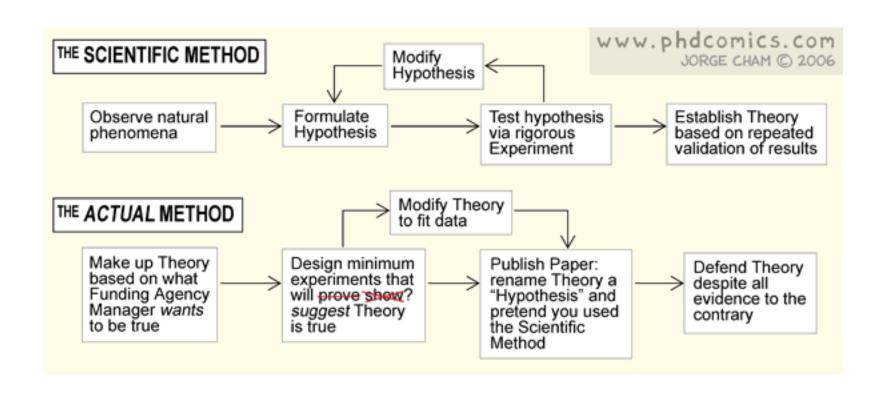
Build better model

Train/Test

Does new model beat baseline?

Yes: publish a paper!

No: try again!



Harvard Business Review

DATA

Data Scientist: The Sexiest Job of the 21st Century

by Thomas H. Davenport and D.J. Patil

FROM THE OCTOBER 2012 ISSUE

Fantasy

Reality

Extract features What's the task?

Develop cool ML technique Where's the data?

#Profit What's in this dataset?

What's all the f#\$!* crap?

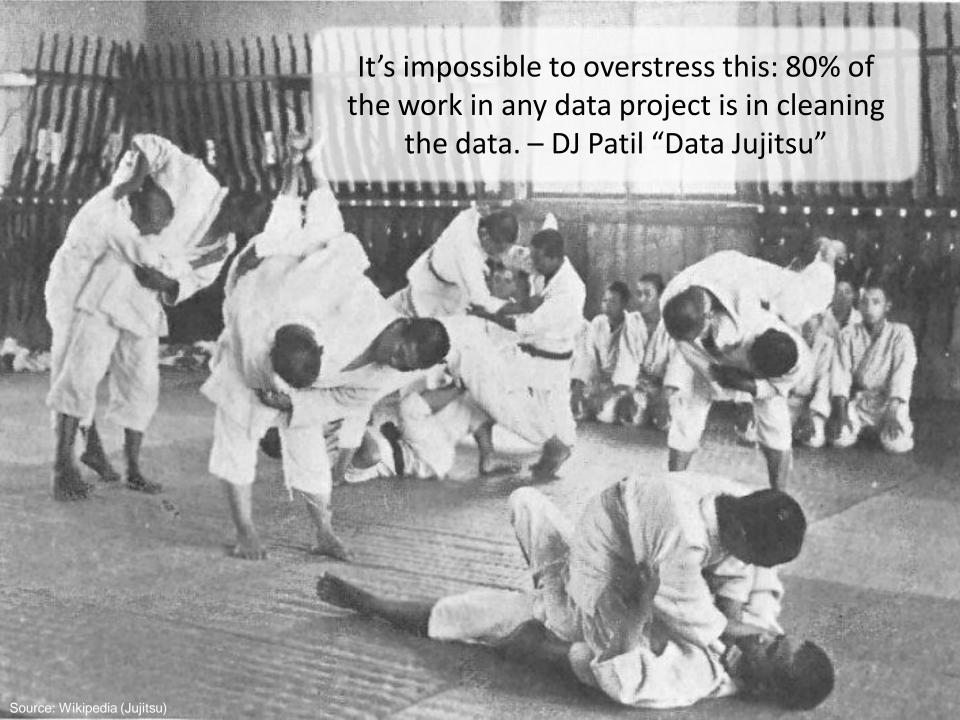
Clean the data

Extract features

"Do" machine learning

Fail, iterate...

Dirty secret: very little of data science is about machine learning per se!





The New York Times

≡ SECTIONS

For 'Big Data' Scientists, Hurdle to Insights Is 'Janitor Work'

By STEVE LOHR AUG. 17, 2014



Monica Rogati, Jawbone's vice president for data science, with Brian Wilt, a senior data scientist.

On finding things...



On naming things...

uid Userld userId userid CamelCase Following user_Id user_id smallCamelCase Bill Graham Yesterday I had a run in with the camel_Snake in our code. Today, I came snake_case across the feared dunder_snake. Yow! /via camel_Snake @THISWILLWORK Reply Retweet * Favorite ••• More dunder snake 10:46 PM - Sep 12, 2012 from SoMa, San Francisco FAVORITE

On feature extraction...

```
^(\\w+\\s+\\d+\\s+\\d+:\\d+:\\d+:\\d+)\\s+
([^@]+?)@(\\S+)\\s+(\\S+):\\s+(\\S+)\\s+(\\S+)
\\s+((?:\\S+?,\\s+)*(?:\\S+?))\\s+(\\S+)\\s+(\\S+)
\\s+\\[([^\\]]+)\\]\\s+\\"(\\w+)\\s+([^\\"\\\]*
(?:\\\.[^\\"\\\]*)*)\\s+(\\S+)\\\s+
(\\S+)\\s+\\"([^\\"\\\]*(?:\\\.[^\\"\\\]*)*)
\\"\\s+\\"([^\\"\\\]*(?:\\\.[^\\"\\\]*)*)\\\s*
(\\d*-[\\d-]*)?\\s*(\\d+)?\\s*(\\d*\\.[\\d\\.]*)?
(\\s+[-\\w]+)?.*$
```

An actual Java regular expression used to parse log message at Twitter circa 2010

Friction is cumulative!



[scene: consumer internet company in the Bay Area...]

It's over here...

Well, it wouldn't fit, so we had to shoehorn...

Okay, let's get going... where's the click data?

Well, that's kinda non-intuitive, but okay...

Hang on, I don't remember...

Uh, bad news. Looks like we forgot to log it...

Oh, BTW, where's the timestamp of the click?

[grumble, grumble, grumble]

Frontend Engineer

Develops new feature, adds logging code to capture clicks

Data Scientist

Analyze user behavior, extract insights to improve feature

Fantasy

Extract features

Develop cool ML technique

#Profit

Reality

What's the task?

Where's the data?

What's in this dataset?

What's all the f#\$!* crap?

Clean the data

Extract features

"Do" machine learning

Fail, iterate...

Finally works!



Congratulations, you're halfway there...

Does it actually work?

A/B testing

Is it fast enough?

Good, you're two thirds there...



Productionize

What are your jobs' dependencies?
How/when are your jobs scheduled?
Are there enough resources?
How do you know if it's working?
Who do you call if it stops working?

Infrastructure is critical here! (plumbing)

